MCD44-18io8B

= 2x 1800 V

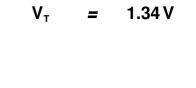
49 A

Thyristor \ Diode Module

Phase leg

Part number

MCD44-18io8B



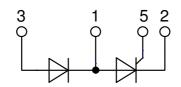
=

 V_{RRM}

I TAV



Backside: isolated **E**72873



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al2O3-ceramic

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting

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- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Terms Conditions of usage:

The data contained in this product data sheet is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. The user will have to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to his application. The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. The information in the valid application- and assembly notes must be considered. Should you require product information in excess of the data given in this product data sheet or which concerns the specific application of your product, please contact your local sales office. Due to technical requirements our product may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your local sales office. Should you intend to use the product in aviation, in health or life endangering or life support applications, please notify. For any such application we urgently recommend

to perform joint risk and quality assessments;
the conclusion of quality agreements;

- to establish joint measures of an ongoing product survey, and that we may make delivery dependent on the realization of any such measures.

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Data according to IEC 60747and per semiconductor unless otherwise specified

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MCD44-18io8B

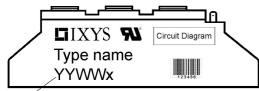
Definition max. non-repetitive reverse/forwar max. repetitive reverse/forward blo	Conditions	T 05°C	min.	typ.	max.	Uni
,	rd blocking voltage					
max, repetitive reverse/forward blo	0 0	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1900	\
		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1800	١
reverse current, drain current	V _{R/D} = 1800 V	$T_{vJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	μ/
	V _{R/D} = 1800 V	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$			5	m/
forward voltage drop	$I_{T} = 100 \text{ A}$	$T_{vJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.34	١
	$I_{T} = 200 \text{ A}$				1.75	١
	$I_{T} = 100 \text{ A}$	$T_{vJ} = 125^{\circ}C$			1.34	١
	I _T = 200 A				1.80	١
average forward current	$T_c = 85^{\circ}C$	T _{vJ} = 125°C			49	1
RMS forward current	180° sine				77	1
threshold voltage		T _{v.i} = 125°C			0.85	١
slope resistance { for power lo	ss calculation only				5.3	m
thermal resistance junction to case	2				0.53	K/W
				0.20		K/W
total power dissipation		$T_{c} = 25^{\circ}C$		0.20	180	W
	t = 10 ms: (50 Hz) sine					k/
						k/
						, k/
value for fusing						<u> </u>
value for fushing						1
						1
						1
					4.63	1
				54		pl
max. gate power dissipation		$T_c = 125^{\circ}C$				۷
	t _P = 300 μs				-	۷
average gate power dissipation					0.5	V
critical rate of rise of current	$T_{vJ} = 125 ^{\circ}C; f = 50 Hz$ re	epetitive, $I_{T} = 150 \text{ A}$			150	A/μ
$t_{\rm P}$ = 200 µs; di _G /dt =0.45 A/µs;						
	$I_{G} = 0.45 \text{ A}; \text{ V} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ V}_{DRM}$ no	on-repet., $I_{T} = 49 \text{ A}$			500	A/μ
critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{vJ} = 125^{\circ}C$			1000	V/μ
	R _{GK} = ∞; method 1 (linear volta	ge rise)				
gate trigger voltage	$V_{D} = 6 V$	$T_{vJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.5	١
		$T_{vJ} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.6	١
gate trigger current	$V_{D} = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			100	m/
	2					m/
gate non-trigger voltage	$V_{\rm D} = \frac{2}{3} V_{\rm DRM}$					١
		¥0				m/
	t – 10 us	T 25°C				m
					400	
holding ourront					200	m/
						i
gate controlled delay lime					2	μ
						<u> </u>
IUIN-OIT IIME				150		μ
	RMS forward current threshold voltage slope resistance for power loc thermal resistance junction to case thermal resistance case to heatsin total power dissipation max. forward surge current value for fusing junction capacitance max. gate power dissipation average gate power dissipation critical rate of rise of current gate trigger voltage	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline I_{\rm T} &= 100 \ {\rm A} \\ I_{\rm T} &= 200 \ {\rm A} \\ \hline average forward current & T_{\rm C} = 85^{\circ}{\rm C} \\ \hline RMS forward current & 180^{\circ} sine \\ \hline threshold voltage slope resistance $$ for power loss calculation only \\ \hline thermal resistance junction to case \\ \hline thermal resistance case to heatsink \\ \hline total power dissipation \\ \hline max. forward surge current & t = 10 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 10 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 10 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 8,3 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 10 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0 \ {\rm ms}; (50 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0 \ {\rm ms}; (60 \ {\rm Hz}), sine \\ t = 0$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline & $ I_{v_{i}} = 100 \text{ A} & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ I_{\tau} = 200 \text{ A} & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ RMS forward current & $ I80^{\circ}$ sine & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ RMS forward current & $ 180^{\circ}$ sine & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ silope resistance $ J_{orp ower loss calculation only & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ silope resistance aces to heatsink & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ thermal resistance case to heatsink & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ max. forward surge current & $ I_{e} = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 45^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine } & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 30 \text{ µs} & $ T_{c} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 30 \text{ µs} & $ T_{c} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 30 \text{ µs} & $ T_{c} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{p} = 300 \text{ µs} & $ T_{c} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{p} = 300 \text{ µs} & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{p} = 300 \text{ µs} & $ T_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{e} = 0.45 \text{ A}; V = \% V_{DBM} & $ non-repet, I_{T} = 49 \text{ A} \\ \hline & $ Critical rate of rise of current & $ I_{v_{i}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ I_{v_{i}} = -30^{\circ}\text{C} & $ T_{v_{i}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline & $ T_{v_{i}} = 40^{\circ}\text{C} \\$	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline I_{\tau} = 100 \text{ A} & T_{v_{1}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ I_{\tau} = 200 \text{ A} & T_{v_{2}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_{\tau} = 200 \text{ A} & T_{v_{2}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline I_{\tau} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} & T_{v_{2}} = 125^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \hline $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

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Package TO-240AA			Ratings					
Symbol	Definition	Conditions			min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I _{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal					200	Α
\mathbf{T}_{v_J}	virtual junction temperature				-40		125	°C
T _{op}	operation temperature				-40		100	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature				-40		125	°C
Weight						81		g
M _D	mounting torque				2.5		4	Nm
M _T	terminal torque				2.5		4	Nm
d _{Spp/App}	creepage distance on surface striking distance throug		terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7			mm
d _{Spb/Apb}	creepage ustance on surface	sinking distance through an	terminal to backside	16.0	16.0			mm
V	isolation voltage	t = 1 second			3600			V
	t = 1 minute		50/60 Hz, RMS; liso∟ ≤ 1 mA		3000			V



Date Code

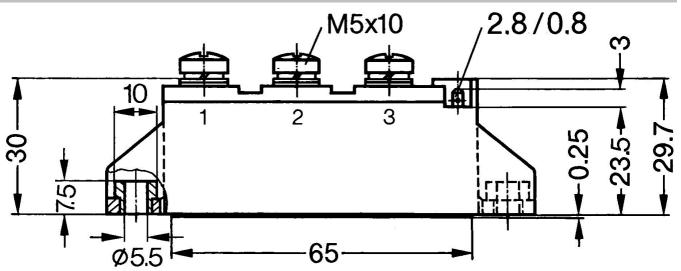
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCD44-18io8B	MCD44-18io8B	Box	36	454451

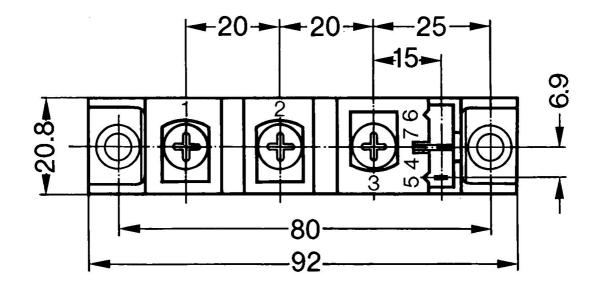
Equiv	alent Circuits for	Simulation	* on die level	T _{vj} = 125 °C
$I \rightarrow V_0$)- <u> </u>	Thyristor		
V _{0 max}	threshold voltage	0.85		V
$\mathbf{R}_{0 \max}$	slope resistance *	4.1		mΩ

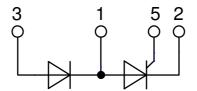
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Outlines TO-240AA







sin

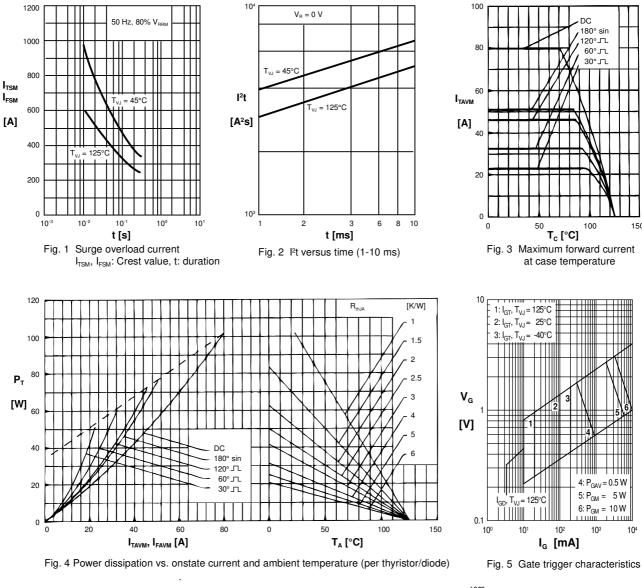
150

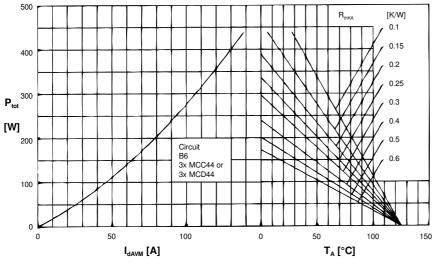
= 0.5 W

1.1.111

10

Thyristor





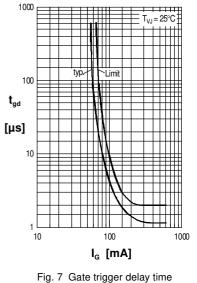
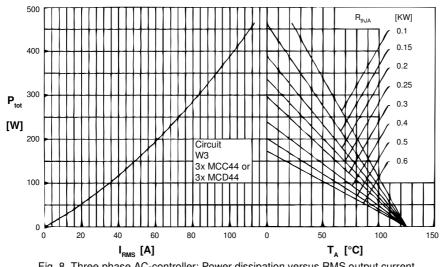


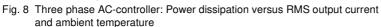
Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

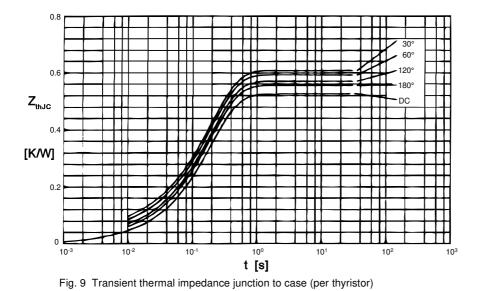
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Rectifier





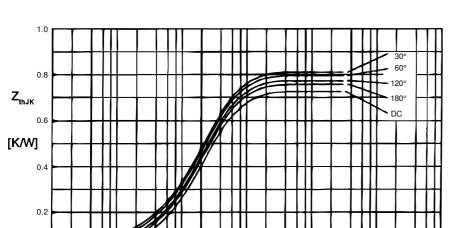


$R_{_{\mathrm{thJC}}}$	for vari	ous conduction angles d:
	dR	_{այշ} [K/W]
	DC	0.53
	180°	0.55
	120°	0.58
	60°	0.60
	30°	0.62
Con	istants f	or Z_{thJC} calculation:
i I	R _{thi} [K/M	V] t _i [s]
1	0.015	0.0035
2	0.026	0.0200

0.1950

3

0.489



$R_{_{thJK}}$	for vario	ous conduction angles d:			
	d R _u	_{hJK} [K/W]			
	DC	0.73			
	180°	0.75			
	120°	0.78			
	60°	0.80			
	30°	0.82			
Constants for $Z_{\text{th,IK}}$ calculation:					
i F	R _{thi} [K/W] t _i [s]			
1	0.015	0.0035			
2	0.026	0.0200			
3	0.489	0.0195			
4	0.200	0.6800			

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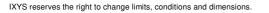
100

t [s]

10

10²

10



10⁻²

10³

0



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